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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/642,309	08/18/2003	Mark Justin Moore	56162.000416	1974
24504	7590	12/12/2007	EXAMINER	
THOMAS, KAYDEN, HORSTEMEYER & RISLEY, LLP			PRICE, NATHAN E	
600 GALLERIA PARKWAY, S.E.				
STE 1500			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ATLANTA, GA 30339-5994			2194	
MAIL DATE		DELIVERY MODE		
12/12/2007		PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>
	10/642,309	MOORE, MARK JUSTIN
	<b>Examiner</b>	Art Unit
	Nathan Price	2194

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 October 2007.  
 2a) This action is FINAL.                    2b) This action is non-final.  
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application.  
 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.  
 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.  
 6) Claim(s) 1-34 is/are rejected.  
 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.  
 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  
 10) The drawing(s) filed on 13 May 2005 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
 a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:  
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

  
 WILLIAM THOMSON  
 SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                     | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____                                      |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. _____   | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                          |

**DETAILED ACTION**

1. This Office Action is in response to communications received 02 October 2007. Claims 1 – 34 are pending. Previous objections and rejections not included in this Office Action have been withdrawn.

***Response to Arguments***

2. Applicant's arguments filed 02 October 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

3. Regarding the oath/declaration, the oath/declaration received 18 August 2004 states that the person making the oath or declaration believes the named inventor to be the *sole* inventor, but does not state *first* inventor. See MPEP §§ 602(IV), 35 USC 115 and 37 CFR 1.63(a)(4).

4. Examiner acknowledges Applicant's comments regarding the drawings and reminds Applicant of the objection to the drawings.

5. Regarding the claim rejections, Applicant argues the mailboxes that Silberschatz teaches differ from the claimed message pool objects. Examiner respectfully disagrees. The mailboxes are queues that contain a collection of message entries and a plurality of mailboxes can be established (§4.5.2.2 ¶1; §4.5.4 ¶1). An entry that does not contain a

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message is a free message that can be allocated by placing a message in the empty entry of the mailbox object or queue (§4.5.4)

***Oath/Declaration***

6. The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because:

It does not state that the person making the oath or declaration believes the named inventor or inventors to be the original and first inventor or inventors of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought.

***Drawings***

7. New corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in this application because the current drawings are not clear. Applicant is advised to employ the services of a competent patent draftsperson outside the Office, as the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office no longer prepares new drawings. The corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The requirement for corrected drawings will not be held in abeyance.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

8. Claims 1 – 5, 7 – 12, 16 – 22, 24 – 29, 33 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Silberschatz (see PTO-892 mailed 02 July 2007).

9. As to claim 1, Silberschatz teaches a method for managing shared resources in a computer system, comprising:

establishing and registering a plurality of objects in response to requests from hardware or software associated with the computer system (§22.8.1; p. 753 ¶1);  
the objects including at least one type, at least one attribute, and a handle (§22.3.2 ¶2; §22.4.1 ¶1; §22.8.1);

establishing a plurality of message pool objects, wherein the plurality of message pool objects comprise pools of free messages that can be allocated (§4.5.2.2 ¶1; §4.5.4); and

manipulating the plurality of objects to effect processing and exchange of information (§18.2 ¶1 – 2).

10. As to claim 2, Silberschatz teaches:

establishing a plurality of task objects (§22.3.2 ¶2 – 5);  
allocating messages from at least one free message pool object in response to requests from one or more task objects, wherein the messages include blocks of information that can be passed to other task objects (§4.5.2.2 ¶1; §4.5.4);

exchanging the messages between the plurality of task objects, thereby effecting requests for processing (§4.5.2.2 ¶1; §4.5.4); and  
returning the messages to the free message pool object upon completion of processing (§4.5.2.2 ¶1; §4.5.4).

11. As to claim 3, Silberschatz teaches:

the plurality of task objects include at least a task type and an interface type, the interface type enabling request and release of messages (p. 111 ¶1 – 2); and  
the plurality of message pool objects include at least a pool type and an interface type (§4.5.2.2 ¶1; p. 111 ¶1 – 2).

12. As to claim 4, Silberschatz teaches exchanging the messages between the plurality of task objects, thereby effecting requests for processing further comprises at least one of: putting a message to an interface, getting a message from an interface, and waiting for a message to arrive on an interface (§4.5.3).

13. As to claim 5, Silberschatz teaches: receiving, at a message pool interface, a request by a first task object interface for a message allocation; allocating a message from the free message pool to the first task object; sending the message from the first task object interface to a second task object interface; performing processing by the second task object in response the message receipt; and returning the message to the message pool interface upon completion of processing (§4.5.2.2 ¶1; §4.5.4).

14. As to claim 7, see the rejection of claim 5 for explanation regarding limitations not specifically addressed in this rejection. Silberschatz teaches sending an arm interrupt message from the first task object interface to a interrupt object interface; disabling an interrupt with the arm interrupt message by the interrupt object; and returning the message to the first task object interface (§4.5.4; p. 407 ¶1 – 2; p. 409 ¶3 – 4).
15. As to claim 8, Silberschatz teaches: defining a plurality of top-level tasks from the plurality of objects; providing each of the plurality of top-level tasks with a private memory resource; enabling access of the private memory resource to any subtask created by a top-level task (§4.3.1 ¶1 – 2).
16. As to claim 9, Silberschatz teaches: allocating a memory space to a parent task; establishing at least one subtask to the parent task; enabling access of the memory space to the at least one subtask; and preventing access of the memory space to tasks not associated with the parent task (§4.3.1 ¶1 – 2; p. 37 ¶1).
17. As to claim 10, Silberschatz teaches: allocating a memory space to a subtask; and preventing access of the memory space to a parent task of the subtask (§4.3.1 ¶1 – 2; p. 37 ¶1).

18. As to claim 11, Silberschatz teaches: establishing an object instance for each of the plurality of objects; and establishing an object handle for each object instance, the object handle referencing a data structure used to implement the object instance (§22.3.2 ¶2; §22.4.1).

19. As to claim 12, Silberschatz teaches the object handle is a pointer value (§22.4.1 ¶1).

20. As to claim 16, Silberschatz teaches:  
organizing the plurality of objects as files in a global file system, wherein files in the system contain references to objects in memory (§11.1.2 ¶1; Fig. 11.2; §18.2); and referencing each of the plurality of objects in relation to a plurality of top level object types (§11.3.3; §4.3.1 ¶1).

21. As to claim 17, Silberschatz teaches the plurality of top level object types include tasks, interfaces, pools, mutexes, semaphores, interrupts, and memory (§18.2; §22.3.2 ¶2 – 5).

22. As to claims 18 – 22, 24 – 29, 33 and 34, see the rejection of claims 1 – 5, 7 – 12, 16 and 17.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

23. Claims 6 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Silberschatz.

24. As to claims 6 and 23, see the rejection of claim 5 for explanation regarding limitations not specifically addressed in this rejection. Silberschatz teaches or at least implies returning the message to the first task object interface upon completion of processing and returning the message from the first task object interface to the message pool interface (§4.5.7 ¶1 – 4). Silberschatz at least implies that replies can use the same object in shared memory.

25. Claims 13 – 15 and 30 – 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Silberschatz as applied to claims 1, 11, 18 and 28 above, and further in view of Jaworski (see PTO-892 mailed 02 July 2007).

26. As to claims 13 and 30, Silberschatz fails to specifically teach derived object types as claimed. However, Silberschatz combined with Jaworski teaches: establishing at least one derived object type, based upon the object instance; establishing object

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attributes for the at least one derived object type; and accessing any established object attributes with the object handle (Silberschatz: §22.3.2 ¶2; §22.4.1 ¶1; Jaworski: p. 91 ¶7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time Applicant's invention was made to combine these teachings because both teach Java and programming techniques.

27. As to claims 15 and 32, see the rejection of claims 11, 13, 28 and 30.

28. As to claims 14 and 31, Jaworski teaches appending data structures associated with the at least one derived object type to the data structure used to implement the object instance (p. 94 ¶3).

### ***Conclusion***

29. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

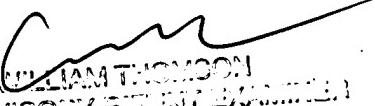
extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nathan Price whose telephone number is (571) 272-4196. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:00am - 2:30pm, Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Thomson can be reached on (571) 272-3718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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WILLIAM THOMSON  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER